

# EPO100MT HARDENER



## Moisture and Metal Tolerant Hardener

#### Description

MT Hardener is a proprietary formulation specifically designed for use in systems where the epoxy may be applied to metal or exposed to moisture, cool temperatures and damp substrates. It is capable of curing at temperatures down to 5°C and can resist moisture while curing. EPO100MT Moisture and Metal Tolerant Hardener can create a strong bond to mineral-based and metal substrates.

#### **Recommended Uses**

- Maintenance and marine coatings
- Mining construction
- Chemical and pharmaceutical industries
- Food processing plants
- Containers and tanks
- Pipe and bridge coatings
- Primers for steel and concrete
- Automotive aftermarket
- Electrical castings
- Cold rooms

#### **Features and Benefits**

- Australian Made
- Moisture tolerant during curing
- Excellent adhesion to damp, green and dry substrates
- High durability with excellent abrasion resistance
- Self-levelling and self priming
- Low VOC's (Volatile Organic Compounds)
- Low viscosity
- Good chemical resistanceExcellent chemical resistance
- Pre-coloured / tinted
- Solvent free
- APAS approved (Australian Paint Approval Scheme)
- Food contact safe

#### **Product Information**

Mixing Ratio	<b>EPO100T:</b> (3:1) 3 Parts EPO100T Part A: 1 Part EPO100HCR Part B <b>EPO100C and EPO100G:</b> (2:1) 2 Parts EPO100C or EPO100G Part A: 1 Part EPO100HCR EPO100HCR Part B
Dry Film Thickness Shelf Life Heat Resistance Clean Up	150-300 μm depending on the system, and application. 2 years. Store in a cool, dry area and out of direct sunlight. Epoxy will not begin to soften until 90°C. Clean tools with 150 Epoxy Thinners while still wet and discard rollers and brushes.
Cure Times	Pot Life: 30 Minutes Work Time: 30 Minutes Thin Tack Free: 8 Hours Thin Shore Hard: 72 Hours Max Re-coat Time: 72 Hours Without Sanding
Return to Service	Light-Foot Traffic: 12 Hours Vehicle Traffic: 24-48 Hours Full Chemical Cure: 7 Days
Maintenance Testing Information	Refer to APC Clean and Care guide. Cure times completed at 25°C in a 100g container or at 200µm.

NOTE: Refer to individual Installation Instructions & SDS for mixing instructions, recommended PPE during preparation & application of products.



# **EPO100MT HARDENER** *Moisture and Metal Tolerant Hardener*



### **Environmental Conditions**

Temperature and the surrounding atmospheric conditions will play a part in the curing process of all epoxy products. Under conditions of low temperatures and high humidity, the final cured surface finish can be adversely affected potentially resulting in poor gloss retention, discolouration over time, poor overcoat ability, and inter-coat adhesion. Quite often these conditions will result in the formation of a white film over the surface often evident after contact with water. This chemical reaction with the atmosphere is commonly referred to as "amine bloom" or "amine blush".

If this occurs then the existing coating will need to be abraded to completely remove the affected surface to ensure the adhesion of subsequent application. In some cases, partial or complete re-priming may be necessary. Attention also needs to be paid to the substrate temperature which should be at least 10°C and preferably 5°C above the dew point during the curing phase. The ideal humidity is less than 60%. Industry standards recommend the accurate recording of times and dates, batch numbers, consumption rates, and environmental conditions including the substrate and air temperatures, humidity levels, and dew point readings during both the application and curing process. Full material warranties cannot be provided unless all the relevant data has been recorded accurately.

#### **Surface Preparation**

- Ensure the concrete is sufficiently cured to the recommended minimum of 28 days from completion.
- Diamond grind or Polyvac the substrate. The surfaces must be clean, dry, and free from all traces of loose material, old coatings, curing compounds, release agents, laitance, oil, and grease, etc. This must be completed by diamond grinding or a suitable cleaning method.
- To check that all traces of oil and other contaminants have been completely removed, sprinkle a few drops of water over the surface. If all water is quickly absorbed, the surface is sufficiently oil and grease-free.
- If water forms into globules that remain on the surface, further thorough treatment of the substrate is necessary.
- Substrate compression strength should be at least 25MPa, cohesive bond strength at least 1.5MPa, and moisture content below 4%.
- Repair and fill cracks with EPO100EP Epoxy Putty or Concrete Repair Kit.

NOTE: Refer to individual Installation Instructions & SDS for mixing instructions, recommended PPE during preparation & application of products.



# **EPO100MT HARDENER**

Moisture and Metal Tolerant Hardener



## **Physical Properties**

Solids content	100 %		
Finish	Gloss		
Rate of Burning	ASTM D635: Self-Extinguishing		
Compressive Strength	ASTM D695: 12,000 psi		
Tensile Strength	ASTM D638: 3,900 psi		
Elongation at Break	ASTM D638: 7.00%		
Taber Abrasion Resistance	ASTM D4060: <0.1mg loss (mg of loss/1000 cycles) CS-17-wheel,1 kg load		
Water Absorption	ASTM D570: 0/07% (2-hour boil)		
Flexural Strength	ASTM D790: 7,800 psi		
Shore D Hardness	ASTM D2240: 84		
Heat Distortion Temperature	ASTM D648: 50°C		
Bond Strength to Concrete	100% Concrete failure		
-			
Resistance to Chemical Spills	Ammonia Solution (20%)	Sodium Hydroxide (30%)	
(7 days at 25°C)	Sulphuric Acid (30%)	Kerosene	
	Lactic Acid (5%)	Aviation Fuels	
	Sodium Chloride (50%)	Petrol	
	Tannic Acid	Hydrochloric Acid (20%)	
	Acetic Acid (5%)	Toluene	

NOTE: Refer to individual Installation Instructions & SDS for mixing instructions, recommended PPE during preparation & application of products.



# **EPO100MT HARDENER** *Moisture and Metal Tolerant Hardener*



#### CAUTION

- Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Use full PPE during application including but not limited to, gloves, mask and goggles.
- Provide adequate ventilation when using in confined spaces.
- The mix ratio is calculated by product volume. NOT BY PRODUCT WEIGHT. Mixing product by weight may result in an unsatisfactory cure time or failure of the mix to cure entirely.
- Due to EPO100MTH's low yellowing resistance, use only as a primer coat or in epoxy mortar and crack repair mixes.
- All Solvents, corrosives and spills should be cleaned up as soon as possible.
- If re-coating after 72 hours since the last coat, a mechanical bond will need to be made by sanding the previous coat.

## In an emergency, contact the Poisons Information Centre on 13 11 26 or a doctor for advice. IF THE SITUATION IS LIFE THREATENING, DIAL 000 IMMEDIATELY.

DISCLAIMER: Please ensure you read the SDS & TDS thoroughly & carefully before the use or application of any All Purpose Coatings product. These documents contain information in context to how you will apply the product, including if it is being used in conjunction with any other products or systems, and to what surface the product will be applied. All-Purpose Coatings Pty Ltd does not accept any liability either directly or indirectly for any losses that arise from the use or application of the product in accordance with any advice, specification & recommendation given by the companies' documentation or representatives at any point in time. Application, performance & safety data may change from time to time. It is the user and/or applicators' responsibility to ensure they have the latest copy of any documentation pretaining to their project. Industry standards recommend the accurate recording of times and dates, batch numbers, consumption rates and environmental conditions including substrate and air temperatures, humidity levels and dew point readings during both the application and curing processes. Full material warranties cannot be provided unless all the relevant data has been recorded accurately.

NOTE: Refer to individual Installation Instructions & SDS for mixing instructions, recommended PPE during preparation & application of products.